Total No. of printed pages = 6

END SEMESTER EXAMINATION - 2021

Semester: 5th

Subject Code: Me-503

PLANT MAINTENANCE ENGINEERING

Full Marks -70

Time - Three hours

The figures in the margin indicate full marks for the questions.

Instructions:

- 1. All questions of PART A are compulsory.
- 2. Answer any three questions from PART B.

PART – A

Marks - 25

1.	Fill in	the blanks:		1×10=10
	(i)	Zero line rep	resents	size.
		For a hole ba	nsis system, diff	erent fits are diameter.

Turn over

(iii)	Maximum allowance is the difference between the hole size and the smallest shaft size.
(iv)	The repetitive jobs carried out in all maintenance activities in between two overhauling is termed as cycle.
(v)	Break down maintenance is suitable only for industries.
(vi)	The gap or clearance between the mating surfaces can be better checked by
(vii)	The foundation bolt cavity may be made concrete levelling.
(viii)	Piles are used for the installation in a soil.
(ix)	The non-linearity across the guideways is called
(x)	Pressure withstanding capacity of a boiler can be checked bytest.

- (i) Scrapping is done when the extent of wear is below/above 0.2 mm.
- (ii) Codification is generally limited to eight/seven digits.
- (iii) Predictive maintenance is a type of unplanned maintenance.
- (iv) Galvanising/Electroplating/Metalising is suitable for small items like screws, bolts etc.
- (v) Smearing technique is used to measure/identify wear on guideways.
- (vi) A suction pipe should always preferably be larger/equal/smaller to the pump nozzle.
- (vii) To regulate the flow of fluids in a pipe line safety valve/feed check valve/ gate valve is used.
- (viii) Gear drive/Belt drive/Chain drive is a positive drive.
- (ix) An anvil crack can best be repaired by welding/ metalizing/ hot clamping.

- (x) Derivatives of phosphorus are generally used as antifriction/ anti wear/ extreme pressure-additive.
- 3. Write true or false:

 $1 \times 5 = 5$

- (i) More standby equipments are needed in case of preventive maintenance.
 - (ii) Generally a try square is used to measure the perpendicularity of two adjacent surfaces.
 - (iii) Gaskets are used only to seal the static clearances.
 - (iv) Dirt is not responsible for bearing failure.
 - (v) Pitting corrosion is very common on metals like brass, copper etc.

PART – B Marks – 45

- 4. (a) Define interchangeability and depreciation.
 - (b) What is water hammering.
 - (c) Mention the advantages of using a mechanical seal.

- (d) Why levelling and alignment are required before grouting?
- (e) Write two major steps for fitting of keys. $3\times 5=15$
- 5. (a) What is fit? How fits are classified?
 - (b) Why is the hole basis system adopted in all modern system of fits?
 - (c) Explain the terms: tolerance, clearance and allowance with the help of suitable diagrams. $5\times3=15$
- 6. (a) Mention the causes of wear on guide surfaces. What are the different checkings to be made on the guide surfaces? Explain with diagram.
 - (b) How do you repair key way on a shaft?
 - (c) Explain how worn files are reconditioned? $5 \times 3 = 15$
- 7. (a) Describe the method of restoration of a cracked CI machine bed.
 - (b) What are the differences among seal, packing and gasket?

- (c) What is lubricant? State its desired properties. 5×3=15
- 8. (a) How fitting of keys are carried out?

 Describe with figures.
 - (b) Write a note on template for foundation work.
 - (c) What is hydraulic test? Why and how is it done? 5×3=15